# CA FOUNDATION REVISION TEST PAPER MAY - 2022

### PAPER - 1: PRINCIPLES & PRACTICE OF ACCOUNTING

#### **QUESTIONS**

#### True and False

- 1. State with reasons, whether the following statements are true or false:
  - (i) The gain from sale of capital assets need not be added to revenue to ascertain the net profit of a business.
  - (ii) Sale of office furniture should be credited to Profit and Loss Account.
  - (iii) The additional commission to the consignee who agrees to bear the loss on account of bad debts is called overriding commission.
  - (iv) A partnership firm can acquire fixed assets in the name of the firm.
  - (v) Debenture holders enjoy the voting rights in the company.

### **Theoretical Framework**

- 2. (a) Distinguish between fundamental accounting assumption and accounting policies.
  - (b) Change in accounting policy may have a material effect on the items of financial statements." Explain the statement with the help of an example.

#### **Journal Entries**

- 3. (a) You are required to pass necessary journal entries in the books of Kewal:
  - (i) Cheque amounting ₹ 9,000 from Hari Krishan in full settlement of his account for ₹ 10,000.
  - (ii) Withdrawn for personal use: Goods (Sales Price ₹ 8,000, Cost ₹ 6,000), cash ₹1,000
  - (iii) Goods costing ₹ 3,000 (Sale price ₹4,000) distributed as free samples.
  - (iv) Received commission ₹ 10,000, half of which does not relate of current year and is received in advance.
  - (v) Purchased second hand machinery from Jawahar for ₹30,000 against a cheque. Goods of ₹ 12,000 (Cost ₹ 9,000) used in repairs of this machinery which is necessary to make it ready for working.

## **Capital or Revenue Expenditure**

- (b) Classify the following expenditures as capital or revenue expenditure:
  - (i) An extension of railway tracks in the factory area.
  - (ii) Amount spent on painting the factory.

- (iii) Payment of wages for building a new office extension.
- (iv) Amount paid for removal of stock to a new site.
- (v) Rings and Pistons of an engine were changed to get full efficiency.

## Cash Book

4. (a) Prepare a Petty Cash Book on the Imprest System from the following:

| 202   | 2021 |                                   | ₹      |
|-------|------|-----------------------------------|--------|
| April | 1    | Received ₹ 40,000 for petty cash  |        |
| "     | 2    | Paid auto fare                    | 1,000  |
| "     | 3    | Paid cartage                      | 5,000  |
| "     | 4    | Paid for Courier                  | 1,000  |
| "     | 5    | Paid wages                        | 1,200  |
| "     | 5    | Paid for stationery               | 800    |
| "     | 6    | Paid for the repairs to machinery | 3,000  |
| "     | 6    | Bus fare                          | 200    |
| "     | 7    | Cartage                           | 800    |
| ш     | 7    | Courier                           | 1,400  |
| ш     | 8    | Cartage                           | 6,000  |
| ű     | 9    | Stationery                        | 4,000  |
| ű     | 10   | Sundry expenses                   | 10,000 |

## **Rectification of Errors**

- (b) The books of accounts of Dime Ltd. for the year ending 31.3.2021 were closed with a difference in books carried forward. The following errors were detected subsequently:
  - (i) Return outward book was under cast by ₹ 100.
  - (ii) ₹ 1,500 being the total of discount column on the credit side of the cash book was not posted.
  - (iii) ₹ 6,000 being the cost of purchase of office furniture was debited to Purchase A/c.
  - (iv) A credit sale of ₹ 760 was wrongly posted as ₹ 670 to the customers' A/c. in the sales ledger.
  - (v) The Sales of ₹ 10,000 was omitted to be recorded.

Pass rectification entries in the next year.

#### **Bank Reconciliation Statement**

- 5. From the following particulars of M/s Swapnil enterprises, prepare a Bank reconciliation statement:
  - (1) Bank overdraft as per Pass Book as on 31st March, 2021 was ₹ 8,800
  - (2) Cheques deposited in Bank for ₹ 5,800 but only ₹ 2,000 were cleared till 31st March.
  - (3) Cheques issued were ₹ 2,500, ₹ 3,800 and ₹ 2,000 during the month. The cheque of ₹ 5,800 is still with supplier.
  - (4) Dividend collected by Bank ₹ 1,250 was wrongly entered as ₹ 1,520 in Cash Book.
  - (5) Amount transferred from fixed deposit A/c into the current A/c ₹ 2,000 appeared only in Pass Book
  - (6) Interest on overdraft ₹ 930 was debited by Bank in Pass Book and the information was received only on 3rd April 2021.
  - (7) Direct deposit by M/s Rajesh Trader ₹ 400 not entered in Cash Book.
  - (8) Corporation tax ₹ 1,200 paid by Bank as per standing instruction appears in Pass Book only.

#### Valuation of Inventories

- 6. A trader prepared his accounts on 31st March, each year. Due to some unavoidable reasons, no stock taking could be possible till 15<sup>th</sup> April, 2021 on which date the total cost of goods in his godown came to ₹ 1,50,000. The following facts were established between 31st March and 15<sup>th</sup> April, 2021.
  - (i) Sales ₹ 1,23,000 (including cash sales ₹ 30,000)
  - (ii) Purchases ₹ 15,102 (including cash purchases ₹ 5970)
  - (iii) Sales Return ₹ 3,000.
  - (iv) On 15th March, goods of the sale value of ₹ 30,000 were sent on sale or return basis to a customer, the period of approval being four weeks. He returned 40% of the goods on 10th April, approving the rest; the customer was billed on 16th April.
  - (v) The trader had also received goods costing ₹ 24,000 in March, for sale on consignment basis; 20% of the goods had been sold by 31st March, and another 50% by the 15th April. These sales are not included in above sales.

Goods are sold by the trader at a profit of 20% on sales.

You are required to ascertain the value of Inventory as on 31st March, 2021.

### **Concept and Accounting of Depreciation**

7. M/s. Seven Seas purchased a second-hand machine on 1st April, 2017 for ₹ 1,60,000. Overhauling and erection charges amounted to ₹ 40,000.

Another machine was purchased for ₹ 80,000 on 1st Oct, 2017.

On 1st Oct, 2019, the machine installed on 1st April, 2017 was sold for ₹ 1,00,000. Another machine for ₹30,000 was purchased and was installed on 31st December, 2019.

Under the existing practice the company provides depreciation @ 10% p.a. on original cost. However, from 1st April,2020 it decided to adopt WDV method and to charge depreciation @ 15% p.a. You are required to prepare Machinery account for the years 2017 to 2021.

## Bills of Exchange

8. On 1<sup>st</sup> January 2021, Swapnil draws two bills of exchange for ₹ 32,000 and ₹ 50,000.

The bill of exchange for ₹ 32,000 is for two months while the bill of exchange for ₹ 50,000 is for three months. These bills are accepted by Vishal. On  $4^{th}$  March, 2021, Vishal requests Swapnil to renew the first bill with interest at 15% p.a. for a period of two months. Swapnil agreed to this proposal. On  $25^{th}$  March, 2021, Vishal retires the acceptance for ₹ 50,000, the interest rebate i.e. discount being ₹ 500. Before the due date of the renewed bill, Vishal becomes insolvent and only 50 paisa in a rupee could be recovered from his estate.

Show the Journal Entries (with narrations) in the books of Swapnil.

### Consignment

9. On 1.1.2021, Mr. Sam of Kerala consigned to Mr. Alex of Chennai goods for sale at invoice price. Mr. Alex is entitled to a commission of 5% on sales at invoice price and 20% of any surplus price realized over and above the invoice price. Goods costing ₹ 5,00,000 were consigned to Chennai at the invoice price of ₹ 7,50,000. The direct expenses of the consignor amounted to ₹ 50,000. On 31.3.2021, an account sales was received by Mr. Sam from Mr. Alex showing that he had effected sales of ₹ 6,00,000 in respect of 4/5th of the quantity of goods consigned to him. Mr. Alex's direct expenses were ₹ 15,000. Mr. Alex accepted a bill drawn by Mr. Sam for ₹ 5,00,000 and remitted the balance due in cash.

You are required to prepare the consignment account and the account of Mr. Alex in the books of Mr. Sam.

#### Sales of goods on approval or return basis

10. S Ltd. sells goods on Sale or Return basis. Customers having the choice of returning the goods within 15 days. During April 2021, the following are the details of the goods sent:

| Date of dispatch | Party's name | Amount ₹ |
|------------------|--------------|----------|
| April 2          | M/s G        | 20,000   |
| 4                | M/s H        | 36,000   |
| 16               | M/s I        | 50,000   |
| 20               | M/s J        | 16,000   |
| 24               | M/s K        | 42,000   |
| 28               | M/s L        | 60,000   |

Within the stipulated time G and I returned the goods while H, J and K informed that they have accepted the goods. Prepare the following in the books of 'S'.

- (i) Goods on "sales or return, sold and returned day books".
- (ii) Goods on sales or return total account.

## **Average Due Date**

11. Sunder purchases goods on credit. His due dates for payments were as under:

| Transaction Date | ₹     | Due Date |
|------------------|-------|----------|
| March 5          | 1,200 | April 08 |
| April 15         | 800   | May 18   |
| May 10           | 1,100 | June 13  |
| June 5           | 1,600 | July 10  |

Calculate Average due date.

### **Account current**

12. The following are the transactions that took place between X and Y during the period from 1st October, 2020 to 31st March, 2021:

| 2020    |   | ₹     |
|---------|---|-------|
| Oct.1   | Balance due to X by Y                             | 3,000 |
| Oct 18  | Goods sold by X to Y                              | 2,500 |
| Nov. 16 | Goods sold by Y to X (invoice dated November, 26) | 4,000 |
| Dec.7   | Goods sold by Y to X (invoice dated December, 17) | 3,500 |
| 2021    |   | ₹     |
| Jan. 3  | Promissory note given by X to Y, at three months  | 5,000 |
| Feb. 4  | Cash paid by X to Y                               | 1,000 |
| Mar. 21 | Goods sold by X to Y                              | 4,300 |
| Mar.28  | Goods sold by Y to X (invoice dated April, 8)     | 2,700 |

Draw up an Account Current up to March 31st, 2021 to be rendered by X to Y, charging interest at 10% per annum. Interest is to be calculated to the nearest rupee.

### Final accounts and Rectification of entries

13. Mr. Bansal submitted to you the following trial balance, which he has not been able to agree. Rewrite the trial balance and prepare trading and profit and loss account for the year ended 31.3.2021 and a balance sheet as on that date after giving effect to the undermentioned adjustments:

| Particulars      | Dr.           | Cr.           |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|
|                  | ₹             | ₹             |
| Capital          | -             | 16,000        |
| Opening stock    | 17,500        | -             |
| Closing stock    | -             | 18,790        |
| Drawings         | 3,305         | -             |
| Returns inward   | -             | 550           |
| Carriage inward  | 1,240         | -             |
| Deposit with X   | -             | 1,400         |
| Returns outward  | 840           | -             |
| Carriage outward | -             | 725           |
| Rent paid        | 800           | -             |
| Rent outstanding | 150           | -             |
| Purchases        | 13,000        | -             |
| Sundry debtors   | 5,000         | -             |
| Sundry creditors | -             | 2,200         |
| Furniture        | 1,500         | -             |
| Sales            | -             | 29,000        |
| Wages            | 850           | -             |
| Cash             | 1,370         | -             |
| Advertisement    | <u>950</u>    |               |
|                  | <u>46,505</u> | <u>68,665</u> |

## Adjustments:

- 1. Write off ₹ 600 as bad debt and make a provision for doubtful debts at 5% on balance sundry debtors.
- 2. Stock valued at ₹ 2,000 was destroyed by fire on 25th March,2021, but insurance company admitted a claim for ₹ 1,500 only and paid the sum in April,2021.

3. Depreciation to be provided on furniture at 10% per annum.

### **Partnership Accounts**

## **Profit and Loss Appropriation Account**

14. (a) A and B are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses equally. On 1st April, 2020 the balance of their Capital Accounts were: A ₹ 50,000 and B ₹ 40,000. On that date the balances of their Current Accounts were: A ₹ 10,000 (credit) and B ₹ 3,000 (debit). Interest @ 5% p.a. is to be allowed on the balance of Capital Accounts as on 1.4.2020. B is to get annual salary of ₹ 3,000 which had not been withdrawn. Drawings of A and B during the year were ₹ 1,000 and ₹ 2,000 respectively. The profit for the year ended 31st March, 2021 before charging interest on capital but after charging B's salary was ₹ 70,000. It is decided to transfer 10% of divisible profit to a Reserve Account. Prepare Profit & Loss Appropriation Account for the year ended 31st March, 2021 and show Capital and Current Accounts of the Partners for the year.

## Calculation of goodwill

- (b) Tina and Rita are partners in a firm. Their capitals are: Tina ₹ 6,00,000 and Rita ₹ 4,00,000. During the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 the firm earned a profit of ₹ 3,00,000. Assuming that the normal rate of return is 20%, calculate the value of goodwill on the firm:
  - (i) By Capitalization Method; and
  - (ii) By Super Profit Method if the goodwill is valued at 3 years purchase of Super Profit.

### Admission and Retirement of Partner

15. Acme & Co. is a partnership firm with partners Mr. A, Mr. B and Mr. C, sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 10:6:4. The balance sheet of the firm as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2021 is as under:

| Liabilities              |          | ₹        | Assets              | ₹        |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|---------------------|----------|
| Capitals:                |          |          | Land                | 30,000   |
| Mr. A                    | 2,40,000 |          | Buildings           | 6,00,000 |
| Mr. B                    | 60,000   |          | Plant and machinery | 3,90,000 |
| Mr. C                    | 90,000   | 3,90,000 | Furniture           | 1,29,000 |
| Reserves                 |          |          | Investments         | 36,000   |
| (un-appropriated profit) |          | 60,000   | Inventories         | 3,90,000 |
| Long Term Debt           |          | 9,00,000 | Trade receivables   | 4,17,000 |
| Bank Overdraft           |          | 1,32,000 |                     |          |

| Trade payables | 5,10,000  |           |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
|                | 19,92,000 | 19,92,000 |

It was mutually agreed that Mr. B will retire from partnership and in his place Mr. F will be admitted as a partner with effect from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2021. For this purpose, the following adjustments are to be made:

- (a) Goodwill is to be valued at ₹3 lakh but the same will not appear as an asset in the books of the reconstituted firm.
- (b) Buildings and plant and machinery are to be depreciated by 5% and 20% respectively. Investments are to be taken over by the retiring partner at ₹ 45,000. Provision of 20% is to be made on Trade receivables to cover doubtful debts.
- (c) In the reconstituted firm, the total capital will be ₹ 6 lakhs which will be contributed by Mr. A, Mr. B and Mr. C in their new profit sharing ratio, which is 2:2:1.
  - (i) The surplus funds, if any, will be used for repaying bank overdraft.
  - (ii) The amount due to retiring partner shall be transferred to his loan account.

You are required to prepare

- (a) Revaluation account;
- (b) Partners capital accounts;
- (c) Bank account; and
- (d) Balance sheet of the reconstituted firm as on 1st April, 2021.

### **Financial Statements of Not for Profit Organizations**

16. From the following receipts and payments account of Pune Club, prepare income and expenditure account for the year ended 31.03.2021 and its balance sheet as on that date:

| Receipts                    | ₹      | Payments                | ₹     |
|-----------------------------|--------|-------------------------|-------|
| Cash in hand                | 4,000  | Salary                  | 2,000 |
| Cash at bank                | 10,000 | Repair expenses         | 500   |
| Donations                   | 5,000  | Purchase of furniture   | 6,000 |
| Subscriptions               | 12,000 | Misc. expenses          | 500   |
| Entrance fees               | 1,000  | Purchase of investments | 6,000 |
| Interest received from bank | 500    | Insurance premium       | 200   |
| Sale of old newspaper       | 150    | Snooker table           | 8,000 |
| Sale of drama tickets       | 1,050  | Stationary              | 150   |
|                             |        | Drama expenses          | 500   |

|        | Cash in hand (closing) | 2,650  |
|--------|------------------------|--------|
|        | Cash at bank (closing) | 7,200  |
| 33,700 |                        | 33,700 |

The following adjustments are to be made while drawing up the accounts:

- 1. Subscriptions in arrear for year 2020-21 ₹900 and subscriptions in advance for 2021-22 ₹ 350.
- 2. Insurance premium outstanding ₹ 40 and Misc. expenses prepaid ₹90.
- 3. 50% of donation is to be capitalized.
- 4. Entrance fees are to be treated as revenue income.
- 5. 8% interest has accrued on investment for five months.
- 6. Snooker table costing ₹ 30,000 was purchased on 31st March,2020 and ₹22,000 were paid for it.

#### **Issue of Shares**

17. On 1st June, 2020, Suraj Ltd. issued 43,000 shares of ₹ 100 each payable as follows:

₹ 20 on application;

₹ 20 on allotment:

First call of ₹ 30 on 1st Dec. 2020; and

Second and final call of ₹ 30 on 1st March, 2021.

By 20th July, 40,000 shares were applied for and all applications were accepted. Allotment was made on 1st Aug. All sums due on allotment were received on 15th Sept; those on 1st call were received on 20th Dec.

You are required to journalise the transactions when accounts were closed on 31st March, 2021

### **Forfeiture of Shares**

18. Delta Ltd. forfeited 600 shares of ₹ 10 each issued at a premium of 10% to W for non-payment of first and final call money of ₹ 3 (including ₹ 1 premium). At different intervals of time out of these 400 shares were re-issued to Z, credited as fully paid for ₹ 9 per share and 100 shares were re-issued to X as ₹ 10 paid up for ₹ 11 per share. Record the journal entries for forfeiture and reissue of shares.

### **Issue of Debentures**

19. On 1st April 2020, XY Ltd. took over assets of ₹4,50,000 and liabilities of 60,000 of Himalayan Ltd. for the purchase consideration of ₹ 4,40,000. It paid the purchase consideration by issuing 8% debenture of ₹ 100 each at 10% premium on same date.

XY Ltd. issued another 3000, 8% debenture of ₹ 100 at discount of 10% redeemable at premium of 5 % after 5 years. According to the terms of the issue ₹ 30 is payable on application and the balance on the allotment on debentures. It has been decided to write off the entire loss on issue of discount in the current year itself.

You are required to pass the journal entries in the books of XY Ltd. for the financial year 2020-21

- 20. Write short notes on:
  - (i) Noting Charges.
  - (ii) Objective of Accounting Standards.
  - (iii) Retirement of bills of exchange.
  - (iv) Over-riding Commission.

### **SUGGESTED ANSWERS**

- **1. (i) True:** The profit on sale of capital assets should not be added to revenue to ascertain profit since it has not been earned due to normal business operations.
  - (ii) False: Sale of office furniture should be credited to Furniture account since it is a capital receipt.
  - (iii) False: The additional commission to the consignee who agrees to bear the loss on account of bad debts is called del-credere commission.
  - (iv) False: A partnership firm cannot acquire fixed assets in its name since it is not a separate legal entity. It can acquire fixed assets in the name of its partners.
  - (v) False: Debenture holders do not enjoy voting rights in company.

## 2. (a)

| Fundamental Accounting Assumption   | Accounting Policies  |
|---|--|
| There are three fundamental accounting assumptions viz. Going Concern, Consistency and Accrual. | There is no single list of accounting policies which are applied in all circumstances. As a result, there may be different accounting policies adopted by different enterprises. |
| No disclosures is required if all the fundamental assumptions have been followed.               | Disclosure is required if a particular accounting policy has been followed.  |
| If fundamental accounting assumption is not followed, it is to be disclosed in the              | If the policy is changed in subsequent year, the effect of   |

| financial statements together with the reasons. | such change should be disclosed in the financial statements. |
|---|--|
|   | The firm has an option to select a particular policy.        |

(b) Change in accounting policy may have a material effect on the items of financial statements. For example, cost formula used for inventory valuation is changed from weighted average to FIFO. Unless the effect of such change in accounting policy is quantified, the financial statements may not help the users of accounts.

# 3. (a) In the books of Kewal Journal entries

|       | Particulars  |     | Dr.    | Cr.    |
|-------|--|-----|--------|--------|
|       |  |     | Amount | Amount |
|       |  |     | ₹      | ₹      |
| (i)   | Bank A/c   | Dr. | 9,000  |        |
|       | Discount allowed A/c   | Dr. | 1,000  |        |
|       | To Hari Krishan A/c  |     |        | 10,000 |
|       | (Amount received from Hari Krishan after allowidiscount of 1,000). | ing |        |        |
| (ii)  | Drawings D   | Or. | 7,000  |        |
|       | To Purchases A/c   |     |        | 6,000  |
|       | To Cash A/c  |     |        | 1,000  |
|       | (Goods and cash withdrawn for personal use).                       |     |        |        |
| (iii) | Free Samples/Sales promotion A/c                                   | Or. | 3,000  |        |
|       | To Purchases A/c   |     |        | 3,000  |
|       | (Being the goods distributes as free samples).                     |     |        |        |
| (iv)  | Bank A/c D   | r.  | 10,000 |        |
|       | To Commission A/c  |     |        | 10,000 |
|       | (Commission received).   |     |        |        |
|       | Commission A/c   | Dr. | 5,000  |        |
|       | To Commission received in Advance A/c                              |     |        | 5,000  |
|       | (Commission received in advance adjusted).                         |     |        |        |
| (v)   | Machinery A/c  | Dr. | 30,000 |        |
|       | To Bank A/c  |     |        | 30,000 |
|       | (Machinery purchased from Jawahar)                                 |     |        |        |
|       | Machinery A/c  | Dr. | 9,000  |        |

| To Purchases A/c                      | 9,000 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| (Goods used in repairs of Machinery). |       |

- (b) (i) Expenses incurred for extension of railway tracks in the factory area should be treated as a Capital Expenditure because it will yield benefit for more than one accounting period.
  - (ii) Painting of the factory should be treated as a Revenue Expenditure because it has been incurred to maintain the factory building.
  - (iii) Payment of wages for building a new office extension should be treated as a Capital Expenditure.
  - (iv) Amount paid for removal of stock to a new site is treated as a Revenue Expenditure because it is not enhancing the value of any asset.
  - (v) Expenditure incurred for changing Rings and Pistons of an engine is a Revenue Expenditure because, the change of rings and piston will restore the efficiency of the engine only and it will not add anything to the capacity of the engine.

#### 4. (a)

### PETTY CASH BOOK

| Receipts | Date   | V.<br>No. | Particulars           | Total  | Con-<br>veyance | Cartage | Statio-   | Courier | Wages | Sundries |
|----------|--------|-----------|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|---------|-----------|---------|-------|----------|
| ₹        | 2021   |           |                       | ₹      | veyance         | ₹       | nery<br>₹ | ₹       | ₹     | ₹        |
| 40,000   | April1 |           | To Cash               |        |                 |         |           |         |       |          |
|          | 2      | 1         | By Conveyance         | 1,000  | 1,000           |         |           |         |       |          |
|          | 3      | 2         | By Cartage            | 5,000  |                 | 5,000   |           |         |       |          |
|          | 4      | 3         | By Courier            | 1,000  |                 |         |           | 1,000   |       |          |
|          | 5      | 4         | By Wages              | 1,200  |                 |         |           |         | 1,200 |          |
|          | 5      | 5         | By Stationery         | 800    |                 |         | 800       |         |       |          |
|          | 6      | 6         | By Repairs to machine | 3,000  |                 |         |           |         |       | 3,000    |
|          | 6      | 7         | By Conveyance         | 200    | 200             |         |           |         |       |          |
|          | 7      | 8         | By Cartage            | 800    |                 | 800     |           |         |       |          |
|          | 7      | 9         | By Courier            | 1,400  |                 |         |           | 1,400   |       |          |
|          | 8      | 10        | By Cartage            | 6,000  |                 | 6,000   |           |         |       |          |
|          | 9      | 11        | By Stationery         | 4,000  |                 |         | 4,000     |         |       |          |
|          | 10     | 12        | By Sundry<br>Expenses | 10,000 |                 |         |           |         |       | 10,000   |
|          |        |           |                       | 34,400 | 1,200           | 11,800  | 4,800     | 2,400   | 1,200 | 13,000   |
|          |        |           | By Balance c/d        | 5,600  |                 |         |           |         |       |          |

| 40,000 |    |                | 40,000 |  |  |  |
|--------|----|----------------|--------|--|--|--|
| 5,600  |    | To Balance b/d |        |  |  |  |
| 28,800 | 11 | To Cash        |        |  |  |  |

# (b) In the Books of Dime Ltd.

|       | Particulars   | Dr.    | Cr.    |
|-------|---|--------|--------|
|       |   | Amount | Amount |
| 2021  |   | ₹      | ₹      |
| (i)   | Suspense A/c Dr.  | 100    |        |
|       | To Profit & Loss Adjustment A/c                                   |        | 100    |
|       | (Returns outward book was under cast now rectified).              |        |        |
| (ii)  | Suspense A/c Dr.  | 1,500  |        |
|       | To Profit & Loss Adjustment A/c                                   |        | 1,500  |
|       | (Discount received was not recorded, now rectified)               |        |        |
| (iii) | Office Furniture A/c Dr.  | 6000   |        |
|       | To Profit & Loss Adjustment A/c                                   |        | 6000   |
|       | (Office furniture purchased wrongly debited to                    |        |        |
|       | Purchase A/c. now rectified.)                                     |        |        |
| (iv)  | Debtors A/c Dr.   | 90     |        |
|       | To Suspense A/c   |        | 90     |
|       | (Debtors account was posted ₹ 670 in place of 760 now rectified.) |        |        |
| (v)   | Debtors A/c Dr.   | 10,000 |        |
|       | To Profit & Loss Adjustment A/c                                   |        | 10,000 |
|       | (Sales of ₹10,000 omitted to be recorded, now rectified)          |        |        |

# 5. Bank Reconciliation Statement as on 31st March, 2021

| Particulars   |            | Amount<br>₹ |
|---|------------|-------------|
| Overdraft as per Pass Book                                |            | 8,800       |
| Add: (i) Cheques issued but not presented till 31st March | 5,800      |             |
| (ii) Transfer from fixed deposit                          | 2,000      |             |
| (iii) Direct deposit by M/s Rajesh Trader                 | <u>400</u> | 8,200       |
|   |            | 17,000      |

| (ii) Dividend collected excess recorded in Cash Book (1,520-1,250) (iii) Interest on overdraft debited in Pass Book only | 270<br>930  |        |
|--|-------------|--------|
| (iv) Corporation tax paid appeared in Pass Book only   | <u>1200</u> | 6,200  |
| Overdraft as per Cash Book   |             | 10,800 |

# 6. Statement of Valuation of Stock on 31st March, 2021

|       |   | ₹            | ₹             |
|-------|---|--------------|---------------|
| Value | Value of stock as on 15th April, 2021                                     |              | 1,50,000      |
| Add:  | Cost of sales during the period from 31st March, 2021 to 15th April, 2021 |              |               |
|       | Sales (₹ 1,23,000 – ₹ 3,000)  | 1,20,000     |               |
|       | Less: Gross Profit (20% of ₹ 1,20,000)                                    | 24,000       | 96,000        |
|       | Cost of goods sent on approval basis                                      |              |               |
|       | (80% of ₹ 18,000)   |              | 14,400        |
|       |   |              | 260400        |
| Less: | Purchases during the period from 31st March, 2021 to                      |              |               |
|       | 15th April, 2021  | 15,102       |               |
|       | Unsold stock out of goods received on consignment                         |              |               |
|       | basis (30% of ₹ 24,000)   | <u>7,200</u> | <u>22,302</u> |
|       |   |              | 2,38,098      |

# 7. Machinery Account in the books of M/s. Seven Seas

| Date      | Particulars     | Amount   | Date       |    | Particulars            | Amount   |
|-----------|-----------------|----------|------------|----|------------------------|----------|
|           |                 |          |            |    |                        |          |
| 1.4.2017  | To Bank A/c     | 1,60,000 | 31.03.2018 | Ву | Depreciation A/c       | 24,000   |
|           | To Bank A/c     | 40,000   |            |    | (₹ 20,000 + ₹ 4,000)   |          |
|           | (Erection charg | jes)     | 31.03.2018 | Ву | Balance c/d            | 2,56,000 |
| 1.10.2017 | To Bank A/c     | 80,000   |            |    | (₹ 1,80,000 + ₹76,000) |          |
|           |                 | 2,80,000 |            |    |                        | 2,80,000 |
| 1.4.2018  | To Balance      | 2,56,000 | 31.03.2019 | Ву | Depreciation A/c       | 28,000   |
|           | b/d             |          |            |    | (₹ 20,000 + ₹ 8,000)   |          |
|           |                 |          | 31.03.2019 | Ву | Balance c/d            | 2,28,000 |
|           |                 |          |            |    | (₹ 1,60,000 +₹ 68,000) |          |
|           |                 |          |            |    |                        |          |
|           |                 | 2,56,000 |            |    |                        | 2,56,000 |
| 1.4.2019  | To Balance      | 2,28,000 | 1.10.2019  | Ву | Bank A/c               | 1,00,000 |

|            | b/d               |          |            |  |          |
|------------|-------------------|----------|------------|--|----------|
| 31.12.2019 | To Bank A/c       | 30,000   | 1.10.2019  | By Profit and Loss A/c                                 | 50,000   |
|            |                   |          |            | (Loss on Sale –<br>W.N. 1)                             |          |
|            |                   |          | 31.03.2020 | By Depreciation A/c<br>(₹ 10,000 + ₹ 8,000 +<br>₹ 750) | 18,750   |
|            |                   |          | 31.03.2020 | By Balance c/d   | 89,250   |
|            |                   |          |            | (₹ 60,000 + ₹ 29,250)                                  |          |
|            |                   | 2,58,000 |            | 2  | 2,58,000 |
| 1.4.2020   | To Balance<br>b/d | 89,250   | 31.3.2021  | By Depreciation A/c<br>(₹ 9,000 + ₹ 4,387.5)           | 13,387.5 |
|            |                   |          | 31.3.2021  | By Balance c/d 7                                       | 75,862.5 |
|            |                   |          |            | (₹ 51,000 + ₹<br>24,862.5)                             |          |
|            |                   | 89,250   |            |  | 89,250   |

# **Working Notes:**

# **Book Value of machines (Straight line method)**

|   | Machine I       | Machine II    | Machine III   |
|---|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
|   | ₹               | ₹             | ₹             |
| Cost  | 2,00,000        | 80,000        | 30,000        |
| Depreciation for 2017-18                    | 20,000          | 4,000         |               |
| Written down value as on 31.03.2018         | 1,80,000        | 76,000        |               |
| Depreciation for 2018-19                    | 20,000          | 8,000         |               |
| Written down value as on 31.03.2019         | 1,60,000        | 68,000        |               |
| Depreciation for 2019-20 (Mach I- 6 months) | <u> 10,000</u>  | 8,000         | <u>750</u>    |
| Written down value as on 01.10.2019         | 1,50,000        |               |               |
| Written down value as on 31.03.2020         |                 | <u>60,000</u> | <u>29,250</u> |
| Sale proceeds                               | <u>1,00,000</u> |               |               |
| Loss on sale                                | 50,000          |               |               |

# 8. Journal Entries in the books of Swapnil

| 2021   |                              |     | Dr.    | Cr. |
|--------|------------------------------|-----|--------|-----|
|        |                              |     | (₹)    | (₹) |
| Jan. 1 | Bills receivable (No. 1) A/c | Dr. | 32,000 |     |
|        | Bills receivable (No. 2) A/c | Dr. | 50,000 |     |

|          | To Vishal A/c  |      |        | 82,000 |
|----------|--|------|--------|--------|
|          | (Being drawing of bills receivable No. 1   |      |        |        |
|          | due for maturity on 4.3.2021 and bills receivable No. 2 due for maturity on            |      |        |        |
|          | 4.4.2021)  |      |        |        |
| March 4  | Vishal's A/c   | Dr.  | 32,000 |        |
|          | To Bills receivable (No.1) A/c   |      |        | 32,000 |
|          | (Being the reversal entry for bill No.1 on renewal)                                    |      |        |        |
| March 4  | Bills receivable (No. 3) A/c   | Dr.  | 32,800 |        |
|          | To Interest A/c  |      |        | 800    |
|          | To Vishal 's A/c   |      |        | 32,000 |
|          | (Being the drawing of bill of exchange no. 3   |      |        |        |
|          | due for maturity on 7.5.2021 together with interest at 15%p.a. in lieu of the original |      |        |        |
|          | acceptance of Vishal)  |      |        |        |
| March 25 | Bank A/c   | Dr.  | 49,500 |        |
|          | Discount A/c   | Dr.  | 500    |        |
|          | To Bills receivable (No. 2) A/c  |      |        | 50,000 |
|          | (Being the amount received on retirement of bills No.2 before the due date)            |      |        |        |
| May 7    | Vishal's A/c   | Dr.  | 32,800 |        |
|          | To Bills receivable (No. 3) A/c  |      |        | 32,800 |
|          | (Being the amount due from Vishal on   |      |        |        |
|          | dishonour of his acceptance on   |      |        |        |
| May 7    | presentation on the due date)  Bank A/c  | Dr.  | 16 400 |        |
| May 7    | To Vishal's A/c  | וטן. | 16,400 | 16,400 |
|          | (Being the amount received from official   |      |        | 10,400 |
|          | assignee of Vishal at 50 paise per rupee   |      |        |        |
|          | against dishonoured bill)  |      |        |        |
| May 7    | Bad debts A/c  | Dr.  | 16,400 |        |
|          | To Vishal's A/c  |      |        | 16,400 |
|          | (Being the balance 50% debt in Vishal's  |      |        |        |
|          | Account arising out of dishonoured bill  |      |        |        |
|          | written off as bad debts)  |      |        |        |

9. In the books of Mr. Sam

Consignment Account

| Date   |    | Particulars   | ₹                     | Date   |          | Particulars                                   | ₹             |
|--------|----|---|-----------------------|--------|----------|---|---------------|
| 2021   |    |   |                       | 2021   |          |   |               |
| Jan. 1 | То | Goods sent on<br>Consignment A/c                          |                       | Jan. 1 | Ву       | Goods sent on<br>Consignment A/c<br>(Loading) |               |
|        |    | (Invoice price)   | 7,50,000              |        |          | ₹ (7,50,000 – 5,00,000)                       | 2,50,000      |
|        | То | Bank A/c –<br>Consignor's<br>Expenses                     | 50,000                | Mar.31 | By<br>By |   | 6,00,000      |
| Mar.31 | То | Alex – Expenses<br>– Commission*                          | 15,000                |        |          | 1/5 × ₹ (7,50,000 + 50,000 + 15,000)          | 1,63,000      |
|        |    | (0.05 ×<br>₹ 6,00,000)                                    | 30,000                |        |          |   |               |
| Mar.31 | То | Stock Reserve<br>A/c<br>(₹ 2,50,000 ×<br>1/5)             | 50,000                |        |          |   |               |
|        | То | Profit on Consignment A/c (transferred to Profit and Loss |                       |        |          |   |               |
|        |    | A/c)  | 1,18,000<br>10,13,000 |        |          |   | <br>10,13,000 |

<sup>\*</sup>Invoice price of goods sold: = 4/5 of ₹ 7,50,000 = ₹ 6,00,000.

The goods were sold for  $\stackrel{?}{<}$  6,00,000 and hence there was no surplus price. Therefore, extra commission @ 20% will not be given to Mr. Alex.

## Alex's Account

|    | Particulars |     |   | Amount₹         |    | Particulars          | ₹      | Amount₹         |
|----|-------------|-----|---|-----------------|----|----------------------|--------|-----------------|
| То | Consignment | A/c | 1 |                 | Ву | Consignment A/c:     |        |                 |
|    | Sales       |     |   | 6,00,000        |    | Expenses             | 15,000 |                 |
|    |             |     |   |                 |    | Commission           | 30,000 | 45,000          |
|    |             |     |   |                 | Ву | Bills Receivable A/c |        | 5,00,000        |
|    |             |     |   |                 | Ву | Bank A/c (Balancing  |        |                 |
|    |             |     |   |                 |    | figure)              |        | 55,000          |
|    |             |     |   | <u>6,00,000</u> |    |                      |        | <u>6,00,000</u> |

(ii)

# 10. (i) Goods on sales or return, sold and returned day book in the books of 'S'

| Date    | Party to whom | L.F | Amount          | Date    | Sold   | Returned |
|---------|---------------|-----|-----------------|---------|--------|----------|
| 2021    | goods sent    |     | ₹               | 2021    | ₹      | ₹        |
| Apr. 2  | M/s G         |     | 20,000          | Apr. 17 |        | 20,000   |
| Apr. 4  | M/s H         |     | 36,000          | Apr. 19 | 36,000 |          |
| Apr. 16 | M/s I         |     | 50,000          | May 1   |        | 50,000   |
| Apr. 20 | M/s J         |     | 16,000          | May 5   | 16,000 | -        |
| Apr. 24 | M/s K         |     | 42,000          | May 9   | 42,000 | -        |
| Apr. 28 | M/s L         |     | 60,000          | May 13  |        |          |
|         |               |     | <u>2,24,000</u> |         | 94,000 | 70,000   |

## In the books of S Ltd. Goods on Sales or Return Total Account

|      |   | Amount          |         |  | Amount          |
|------|---|-----------------|---------|--|-----------------|
| 2021 |   | ₹               | 2021    |  | ₹               |
| Apr. | To Customers for<br>Sale on Approval<br>A/c |                 | May. 31 | By Goods sent on<br>sales or return<br>M/s G | 20,000          |
| 2    | Returned by G                               | 20,000          |         | M/s H  | 36,000          |
| 4    | Sold to H                                   | 36,000          |         | M/s I  | 50,000          |
| 16   | Returned by I                               | 50,000          |         | M/s J  | 16,000          |
| 20   | Sold to J                                   | 16,000          |         | M/s K  | 42,000          |
| 24   | Sold to K                                   | 42,000          |         | M/s L  | 60,000          |
| 30   | To bal c/d                                  | 60,000          |         |  |                 |
|      |   | <u>2,24,000</u> |         |  | <u>2,24,000</u> |

# 11. Calculation of average due date (Base date: 8th April)

| Due Date  | Amount       | No. of days from base date | Product         |
|-----------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
|           | ₹            |                            | ₹               |
| 8th April | 1,200        | 0                          | 0               |
| 18th May  | 800          | 40                         | 32,000          |
| 13th June | 1,100        | 66                         | 72,600          |
| 10th July | <u>1,600</u> | 93                         | <u>1,48,800</u> |
|           | <u>4,700</u> |                            | <u>2,53,400</u> |

Average due date = Base date + 
$$\frac{\text{Total Product}}{\text{Total Amount}}$$
  
= 8th April + 2,53,400/4,700  
= 8th April + 54 days = 1st June

## 12. In the books of G

# H in Account Current with G

(interest to 31st March,2021@10%p.a.)

| Date    | Due<br>date | Particulars       | No. of<br>days till<br>31.3.21 | Amt.          | Product   | Date   | Due<br>date | Particulars           | No. of<br>days till<br>31.3.21 | Amt.          | Product   |
|---------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 2020    | 2020        |                   |                                | ₹             | ₹         | 2020   | 2020        |                       |                                | ₹             | ₹         |
| Oct 1,  | Oct 1,      | To Balance<br>b/d | 182                            | 3,000         | 5,46,000  | Nov 16 | Nov 26      | By<br>Purchases       | 125                            | 4,000         | 5,00,000  |
| Oct 18, | Oct 18      | To Sales          | 164                            | 2,500         | 4,10,000  | Dec 7  | Dec.<br>17  | By<br>Purchases       | 104                            | 3,500         | 3,64,000  |
| 2021    | 2021        |                   |                                |               |           | 2021   | 2021        |                       |                                |               |           |
| Jan 3   | Apr 6       | To Bills payable  | (6)                            | 5,000         | (30,000)  | Mar 28 | Apr 8       | By<br>Purchases       | (8)                            | 2,700         | (21,600)  |
| Feb 4   | Feb 4       | To Cash           | 55                             | 1,000         | 55,000    | Mar 31 | Mar 31      | By Balance of product |                                |               | 1,81,600  |
| Mar 21  | Mar.<br>21  | To Sales          | 10                             | 4,300         | 43,000    |        |             | By Balance<br>c/d     |                                | 5,650         |           |
| Mar 31  | Mar<br>31   | To Interest       |                                | 50            |           |        |             |                       |                                |               |           |
|         |             |                   |                                | <u>15,850</u> | 10,24,000 |        |             |                       |                                | <u>15,850</u> | 10,24,000 |

Interest for the period =  $\frac{1,81,600 \times 10 \times 1}{100 \times 365}$  = ₹ 50 (approx.)

## 13. Redrafted Trial Balance of Mr. Bansal as on 31st March,2021

| Particulars     | Dr.    | Cr.    |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
|                 | ₹      | ₹      |
| Capital         | -      | 16,000 |
| Opening stock   | 17,500 | -      |
| Drawings        | 3,305  | -      |
| Returns inward  | 550    | -      |
| Carriage inward | 1,240  | -      |
| Deposit with X  | 1,400  | -      |
| Returns outward | -      | 840    |

| Carriage outward | 725           | -             |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Rent paid        | 800           | -             |
| Rent outstanding | -             | 150           |
| Purchases        | 13,000        | -             |
| Sundry debtors   | 5,000         | -             |
| Sundry creditors | -             | 2,200         |
| Furniture        | 1,500         | -             |
| Sales            | -             | 29,000        |
| Wages            | 850           | -             |
| Cash             | 1,370         | -             |
| Advertisement    | <u>950</u>    | <del></del> _ |
|                  | <u>48,190</u> | <u>48,190</u> |

Trading and Profit and Loss Account of Mr. Bansal for the year ended 31st March,2021

| Dr.   |              |               |                            |              | Cr.           |
|---|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Particulars                                     | ₹            | ₹             | Particulars                | ₹            | ₹             |
| To Opening stock                                |              | 17,500        | By Sales                   | 29,000       |               |
| To Purchases                                    | 13,000       |               | Less: Returns inward       | <u>(550)</u> | 28,450        |
| Less: Returns outward                           | <u>(840)</u> | 12,160        | By Stock destroyed by fire |              | 2,000         |
| To Wages  |              | 850           | By Closing stock           |              | 18,790        |
| To Carriage inward                              |              | 1,240         |                            |              |               |
| To Gross profit                                 |              | <u>17,490</u> |                            |              |               |
|   |              | <u>49,240</u> |                            |              | <u>49,240</u> |
| To Carriage outward                             |              | 725           | By Gross profit            |              | 17,490        |
| To Rent   |              | 800           |                            |              |               |
| To Advertisement                                |              | 950           |                            |              |               |
| To Bad debts                                    |              | 600           |                            |              |               |
| To Provision for doubtful debts (5% of ₹ 4,400) |              | 220           |                            |              |               |
| To Loss of stock by fire                        |              | 500           |                            |              |               |

| To Depreciation on furniture<br>(10% of ₹1,500) | 150           |               |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| To Net profit                                   | <u>13,545</u> |               |
|   | <u>17,490</u> | <u>17,490</u> |

# Balance Sheet of Mr. Bansal as at 31st March,2021

| Liabilities      |               | ₹             | Assets                  |            | ₹             |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Capital          | 16,000        |               |                         |            |               |
| Add: Net profit  | <u>13,545</u> |               | Furniture               | 1,500      |               |
|                  | 29,545        |               | Less: Depreciation      | <u>150</u> | 1,350         |
| Less: Drawings   | 3,305         | 26,240        | Deposit with X          |            | 1,400         |
| Sundry creditors |               | 2,200         | Closing Stock           |            | 18,790        |
| Outstanding rent |               | 150           | Sundry debtors          | 5,000      |               |
|                  |               |               | Less: Bad debts         | 600        |               |
|                  |               |               |                         | 4,400      |               |
|                  |               |               | Less: Provision for     | 220        | 4,180         |
|                  |               |               | Doubtful                |            |               |
|                  |               |               | Debts                   |            |               |
|                  |               |               | Insurance claim receiva | ıble       | 1,500         |
|                  |               |               | Cash                    |            | 1,370         |
|                  |               | <u>28,590</u> |                         |            | <u>28,590</u> |

# 14 (a) Profit and Loss Appropriation Account for the year ended 31st March, 2021

|    |                             | ₹             | ₹      |    |            | ₹      |
|----|-----------------------------|---------------|--------|----|------------|--------|
| То | Salary - B                  |               | 3,000  | Ву | Net profit | 73,000 |
| То | Interest on Capitals:       |               |        |    |            |        |
|    | A                           | 2,500         |        |    |            |        |
|    | В                           | <u>2,000</u>  | 4,500  |    |            |        |
| То | Reserve (10% of 65,500)     |               | 6,550  |    |            |        |
| То | Partners' current accounts: |               |        |    |            |        |
|    | A                           | 29,475        |        |    |            |        |
|    | В                           | <u>29,475</u> | 58,950 |    |            |        |
|    |                             |               | 73,000 |    |            | 73,000 |

## **Partners' Capital Accounts**

| Date     |           |         | А      | В      | Date     |                | А      | В      |
|----------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|----------|----------------|--------|--------|
| 31.03.21 | To<br>c/d | Balance | 50,000 | 40,000 | 01.04.20 | By Balance b/d | 50,000 | 40,000 |
|          |           |         | 50,000 | 40,000 |          |                | 50,000 | 40,000 |

## **Partners' Current Accounts**

| Date     |                       | А      | В      | Date     |                               | А      | В      |
|----------|-----------------------|--------|--------|----------|-------------------------------|--------|--------|
| 01.04.20 | To Balance b/d        | -      | 3,000  | 01.04.20 | By Balance b/d                | 10,000 |        |
| 31.03.21 | To<br>Drawings<br>A/c | 1,000  | 2,000  | 31.03.21 | By Interest on Capital        | 2,500  | 2,000  |
| 31.03.21 | To Balance c/d        | 40,975 | 29,475 | 31.03.21 | By Salary                     |        | 3,000  |
|          |                       |        |        | 31.03.21 | By Profit and Loss App<br>A/c | 29,475 | 29,475 |
|          |                       | 41,975 | 34,475 |          |                               | 41,975 | 34,475 |

**Note:** Profit before charging interest on Capital and Salary to B = 70,000+3,000 = 73,000

## (b) (i) Capitalisation Method:

Total Capitalised Value of the firm

Goodwill = Total Capitalised Value of Business - Capital Employed

$$=$$
 ₹ 15,00,000  $-$  ₹ 10,00,000 [i.e., ₹ 6,00,000  $+$  ₹ 4,00,000]

Goodwill = ₹ 5,00,000

## (ii) Super Profit Method:

Normal Profit = Capital Employed x 20/100 = ₹ 2,00,000

Average Profit = ₹ 3,00,000

Super Profit = Average profit - Normal Profit

=₹ 3,00,000 - ₹ 2,00,000 = ₹ 1,00,000

Goodwill = Super Profit x Number of years purchase

= ₹1,00,000 x 3 = ₹ 3,00,000

# 15. (a)

## **Revaluation Account**

| Particulars                         | Amount`  | Particulars          |                    | Amount`  |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------------|----------|
| To Buildings A/c                    | 30,000   | By Investme          | By Investments A/c |          |
| To Plant and Machinery A/c          | 78,000   | By Loss to Partners: |                    |          |
| To Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c | 83,400   | Α                    | 91,200             |          |
|                                     |          | В                    | 54,720             |          |
|                                     |          | С                    | <u>36,480</u>      | 1,82,400 |
|                                     | 1,91,400 |                      |                    | 1,91,400 |

# Partners' Capital A/c

|    | Particulars              | Α        | В        | С        | F        |    | Particulars                 | Α        | В        | С        | F        |
|----|--------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----|-----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|    |                          | ₹        | ₹        | ₹        | ₹        |    |                             | ₹        | ₹        | ₹        | ₹        |
| То | Revaluation<br>A/c       | 91,200   | 54,720   | 36,480   | -        | Ву | Balance b/d                 | 2,40,000 | 60,000   | 90,000   | -        |
| То | Investments<br>A/c       | -        | 45,000   | -        | -        | Ву | Reserves<br>A/c             | 30,000   | 18,000   | 12,000   | -        |
| То | B's Loan A/c             | -        | 68,280   | -        | -        | Ву | C and F's Capital A/c       | 30,000   | 90,000   | -        | -        |
| То | A and B's<br>Capital A/c |          |          | 60,000   | 60,000   | Ву | Bank A/c (balancing figure) | 31,200   | -        | 2,34,480 | 1,80,000 |
| To | Balance c/d              | 2,40,000 | -        | 2,40,000 | 1,20,000 |    |                             |          |          |          |          |
|    |                          | 3,31,200 | 1.68,000 | 3,36,480 | 1,80,000 |    |                             | 3,31,200 | 1,68,000 | 3,36,480 | 1,80,000 |

## **Bank Account**

| Particulars        | Amount`  | Particulars           | Amount`  |
|--------------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|
| To A's capital A/c | 31,200   | By Bank Overdraft A/c | 1,32,000 |
| To C's capital A/c | 2,34,480 | By Balance c/d        | 3,13,680 |
| To F's capital A/c | 1,80,000 |                       |          |
|                    | 4,45,680 |                       | 4,45,680 |

# Balance Sheet of Acme & Co.

# as at 1st April, 2021

| Liabilities |           | ₹ | Assets              | ₹        |
|-------------|-----------|---|---------------------|----------|
| Capital     | Accounts: |   | Land                | 30,000   |
| Α           | 2,40,000  |   | Buildings           | 5,70,000 |
| С           | 2,40,000  |   | Plant and Machinery | 3,12,000 |

| F <u>1,20,000</u> | 6,00,000  | Furniture                  | 1,29,000  |
|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|
| Long Term Debts   | 9,00,000  | Inventories                | 3,90,000  |
| Trade payables    | 5,10,000  | Trade receivables 4,17,000 |           |
| Q's Loan Account  | 68,280    | Less: Provision for        |           |
|                   |           | Doubtful Debts (83,400)    | 3,33,600  |
|                   |           | Balance at Bank            | 3,13,680  |
|                   | 20,78,280 |                            | 20,78,280 |

# 16. Income and Expenditure Account of Pune Club for the year ended 31st March,2021

Dr. Cr.

| Expenditure             | ₹           | ₹      | Income                                       | ₹              | ₹      |
|-------------------------|-------------|--------|--|----------------|--------|
| To Salary               |             | 2,000  | By Donation                                  | 5,000          |        |
| To Repair expenses      |             | 500    | Less: Capitalised (50%)                      | <u>(2,500)</u> | 2,500  |
| To Misc expenses        | 500         |        | By Subscriptions (WN-2)                      |                | 12,550 |
| Less: Prepaid           | <u>(90)</u> | 410    | By Entrance fees                             |                | 1,000  |
| To Insurance premium    | 200         |        | By Interest on investment [8/100x6,000x5/12] |                | 200    |
| Add: Outstanding        | <u>40</u>   | 240    | By Interest received from bank               |                | 500    |
| To Stationary           |             | 150    | By Sale of old newspapers                    |                | 150    |
| To Drama expenses       |             | 500    | By Sale of drama tickets                     |                | 1,050  |
| To Surplus-excess of    |             | 14,150 |  |                |        |
| income over expenditure |             |        |  |                |        |
|                         |             | 17,950 |  |                | 17,950 |

# Balance Sheet of Pune Club as on 31st March,2021

| Liabilities         | ₹            | ₹      | Assets           | ₹      |
|---------------------|--------------|--------|------------------|--------|
| Capital fund (WN-1) |              |        | Snooker table    | 30,000 |
| Opening balance     | 36,000       |        | Furniture        | 6,000  |
| Add: Surplus        | 14,150       |        | Investments      | 6,000  |
| Donations           | <u>2,500</u> | 52,650 | Interest accrued | 200    |

| Outstanding insurance premium    | 40     | Prepaid Misc. expenses   | 90            |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|---------------|
| Subscription received in advance | 350    | Subscriptions receivable | 900           |
|                                  |        | Cash in hand             | 2,650         |
|                                  |        | Cash at bank             | 7,200         |
|                                  | 53,040 |                          | <u>53,040</u> |

## **Working Note:**

# 1. Balance Sheet of Pune Club as on 31st March,2020

| Liabilities                     | ₹             | Assets        | ₹             |
|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Capital fund (balancing figure) | 36,000        | Snooker table | 30,000        |
| Creditors for Snooker table     | 8,000         | Cash in hand  | 4,000         |
|                                 |               | Cash at bank  | <u>10,000</u> |
|                                 | <u>44,000</u> |               | <u>44,000</u> |

₹

## 2. Subscriptions

 Subscription as per Receipt and Payment A/c
 12,000

 Add: Outstanding for year 2020-21
 900

 12,900
 12,900

 Less: Advance for year 2021-22
 (350)

 12,550

# 17. In the books of Suraj Ltd. Journal Entries

| 2020    |   |     | Dr.<br>₹ | Cr.<br>₹ |
|---------|---|-----|----------|----------|
| July 20 | Bank Account  To Share Application A/c  (Application money on 40,000 shares at ₹ 20 per share received.)  | Dr. | 8,00,000 | 8,00,000 |
| Aug 1   | Share Application A/c  To Share Capital A/c  (The amount transferred to Capital Account on 40,000 shares ₹ 20 on application. Directors' resolution no dated) | Dr. | 8,00,000 | 8,00,000 |

|          | Chara Allatmont Ala                     | D., | 9 00 000  |           |
|----------|---|-----|-----------|-----------|
|          | Share Allotment A/c                     | Dr. | 8,00,000  | 0 00 000  |
|          | To Share Capital A/c                    |     |           | 8,00,000  |
|          | (Being share allotment made due at      |     |           |           |
|          | ₹ 20 per share. Directors' resolution   |     |           |           |
|          | no dated)                               | _   |           |           |
| Sept 15  | Bank Account                            | Dr. | 8,00,000  |           |
|          | To Share Allotment A/c                  |     |           | 8,00,000  |
|          | (The sums due on allotment received.)   |     |           |           |
| Dec. 1   | Share First Call Account                | Dr. | 12,00,000 |           |
|          | To Share Capital Account                |     |           | 12,00,000 |
|          | (Amount due from members in respect     |     |           |           |
|          | of first call-on 80,000 shares at ₹ 30  |     |           |           |
|          | as per Directors, resolution no         |     |           |           |
|          | dated)                                  |     |           |           |
| Dec. 20  | Bank Account                            | Dr. | 12,00,000 |           |
|          | To Share First Call Account             |     |           | 12,00,000 |
|          | (Receipt of the amounts due on first    |     |           |           |
|          | call.)                                  |     |           |           |
| 2021     |   |     |           |           |
| March 1  | Share Second and Final Call A/c         | Dr. | 12,00,000 |           |
|          | To Share Capital A/c                    |     |           | 12,00,000 |
|          | (Amount due on 40,000 share at ₹ 30     |     |           | , ,       |
|          | per share on second and final call, as  |     |           |           |
|          | per Directors resolution no dated)      |     |           |           |
| March 31 | Bank Account                            | Dr. | 12,00,000 |           |
|          | To Share Second & Final Call A/c        |     |           | 12,00,000 |
|          | (Amount received against the final call |     |           |           |
|          | on                                      |     |           |           |
|          | 40,000 shares at ₹ 30 per share.)       |     |           |           |

# 18. In the Books of Delta Ltd. Journal Entries

| Date | Particulars                         |     | L.F. | Dr. (₹) | Cr. (₹) |
|------|-------------------------------------|-----|------|---------|---------|
| 1.   | Share capital A/c (600 × ₹ 10)      | Dr. |      | 6,000   |         |
|      | Securities Premium A/c (600 × ₹ 1)  | Dr. |      | 600     |         |
|      | To Calls-in-arrears A/c (600 × ₹ 3) |     |      |         | 1,800   |

|    | To forfeited Shares A/c (600 × ₹ 8)                           |            |       | 4,800 |
|----|---|------------|-------|-------|
|    | (Being 600 shares forfeited for non-pa call money)            | yment of   |       |       |
| 2. | Bank A/c (400 × ₹ 9)  | Dr.        | 3,600 |       |
|    | Forfeited Shares A/c (400 × ₹ 1)                              | Dr.        | 400   |       |
|    | To Share Capital A/c ( 400 × ₹ 10)                            |            |       | 4,000 |
|    | (Being 400 shares re-issued as fully pa<br>₹ 9 per share)     | nid-up for |       |       |
| 3. | Forfeited Shares A/c  | Dr.        | 2,800 |       |
|    | To Capital Reserve A/c  |            |       | 2,800 |
|    | (Being the transfer of profit on re-issu shares to Z)         | e of 400   |       |       |
| 4. | Bank A/c (100 × ₹ 11)   | Dr.        | 1,100 |       |
|    | To Share Capital A/c (100 × ₹ 10)                             |            |       | 1,000 |
|    | To Securities Premium A/c (100 × ₹ 1)                         |            |       | 100   |
|    | (Being 100 shares re-issued to X as fully for ₹ 11 per share) | y paid-up  |       |       |
| 5. | Forfeited Shares A/c (₹ 4,800 × 100/600)                      | Dr.        | 800   |       |
|    | To Capital Reserve A/c  |            |       | 800   |
|    | (Being the transfer of profit on re-issushares to X)          | ue of 100  |       |       |

## 19. Journal Entries

| Date  | Particular  |            | L.F | Dr.      | Cr.      |
|-------|---|------------|-----|----------|----------|
| 2020  | Sundry Assets A/c   | Dr.        |     | 4,50,000 |          |
| April | Goodwill A/c (Bal. fig)   | Dr.        |     | 50,000   |          |
|       | To Himalayan Ltd. A/c   |            |     |          | 4,40,000 |
|       | To Sundry Liabilities A/c   |            |     |          | 60,000   |
|       | (Being Assets and liabilities taken over for a net consideration of ₹ 4,40,000) |            |     |          |          |
|       | Himalyan Ltd. A/c   | Dr.        |     | 4,40,000 |          |
|       | To 8% Debentures A/c  |            |     |          | 4,00,000 |
|       | To Securities Premium A/c   |            |     |          | 40,000   |
|       | (Being 4000; 8% Debenture of issued at a premium of 10%)                        | ₹ 100 each |     |          |          |

|        | Bank A/c  | Dr.          |  | 90,000   |          |
|--------|---|--------------|--|----------|----------|
|        | To Debenture Application A/c  |              |  |          | 90,000   |
|        | (Being the application money 3000, 8% Debenture)  | received for |  |          |          |
|        | Debenture Application A/c   | Dr.          |  | 90,000   |          |
|        | To 8% Debenture A/c   |              |  |          | 90,000   |
|        | (Being 3000; 8% Debenture allott  | ed)          |  |          |          |
|        | Debentures allotment A/c  | Dr.          |  | 1,80,000 |          |
|        | Loss on issue of debenture A/c  | Dr.          |  | 45,000   |          |
|        | To 8% Debentures A/c  |              |  |          | 2,10,000 |
|        | To Premium on redemption of debentures  |              |  |          | 15,000   |
|        | A/c   |              |  |          |          |
|        | (Being allotment money due on 3000; 8% Debentures at 10% discount and redeemable at 5% premium) |              |  |          |          |
|        | Bank A/c  | Dr.          |  | 1,80,000 |          |
|        | To Debentures Allotment A/c   |              |  |          | 1,80,000 |
|        | (Being the allotment money received)  |              |  |          |          |
| 2021   |   |              |  |          |          |
| Mar,31 | Profit and Loss A/c   | Dr.          |  | 45,000   |          |
|        | To Loss on issue of Debenture A/c   |              |  |          | 45,000   |
|        | (Being the Loss on issue of debe off)   |              |  |          |          |

- 20. (i) Noting Charges: It is necessary that the fact of dishonour and the causes of dishonour should be established. If there is a fear of dishonour, the bill will be given to the public official known as "Notary Public". These officials present the bill for payment and if the money is received, they will hand over the money to the original party. But, if the bill is dishonoured they will note the fact of dishonour, and the reasons given and give the bill back to their client. For this service, they charge a small fee. This fee is known as noting charges. The amount of noting charges is recoverable from the party who is responsible for dishonour.
  - (ii) Accounting Standards are selected set of accounting policies or broad guidelines regarding the principles and methods to be chosen out of several alternatives. The main objective of Accounting Standards is to establish standards which have to be complied with, to ensure that financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accounting Standards seek to suggest

rules and criteria of accounting measurements. These standards harmonize the diverse accounting policies and practices at present in use in India.

- (iii) Retirement of bills of exchange: Sometimes, the acceptor of a bill of exchange has spare funds much before the maturity date of the bill of exchange accepted by him. He may, therefore, desire to pay the bill before the due date. In such a circumstance, the acceptor shall ask the payee or the holder of the bill to accept cash before the maturity date. If the payee agrees, the acceptor may be allowed a rebate or discount on such early payment. This rebate is generally the interest at an agreed rate for the period between the date of payment and date of maturity. The interest/rebate/discount becomes the income of the acceptor and expense of the payee. It is a consideration for premature payment. When a bill is paid before due date, it is said to be retired under rebate.
- (iv) Over-riding Commission: In the case of consignment accounts, the consignor pays a commission to the consignee in consideration of services rendered by the latter for selling the goods consigned. This commission may be either normal commission or special commission. Again, the special commission may be delcredere commission or over riding commission.

Over-riding commission is an extra commission allowed to the consignee in addition to the normal commission. Such additional commission is generally allowed:-

- (i) To provide additional incentive to the consignee for the purpose of introducing and creating a market for a new product.
- (ii) To provide incentive for supervising the performance of other agents in a particular area.
- (iii) To provide incentive for ensuring that the goods are sold by the consignee at the highest possible price.